



## **St Luke's Catholic Academy - Admissions Policy**

St Luke's Catholic Academy was founded by the Catholic Church to provide education for children of Catholic families. Whenever there are more applications than places available, priority will always be given to Catholic children in accordance with the over subscription criteria listed below. The Academy is conducted by its governing body as part of the Catholic Church in accordance with its trust deed and Articles of Association and always seeks to be a witness to Our Lord Jesus Christ.

As a Catholic Academy, we aim to provide a Catholic education for all our pupils. At a Catholic school, Catholic doctrine and practice permeate every aspect of the school's activity. It is essential that the Catholic character of the school's education be fully supported by all families in the school. We therefore hope that all parents will give their full, unreserved and positive support for the aims and ethos of the school. This does not affect the right of an applicant who is not Catholic to apply for and be admitted to a place at the school in accordance with the admission arrangements.

The governing body is the admission authority and has responsibility for admissions to this school. The local authority undertakes the co-ordination of admission arrangements during the normal admission round.

**The number of intended admissions for the year commencing 1 September 2020 is 30**

### **Oversubscription**

Where there are more applications for places than the number of places available, places will be offered according to the following order of priority.

1. Catholic looked after and previously looked after children. (see notes 2 & 3)
2. Catholic Children with a **Certificate of Catholic Practice** who are resident in the parishes of St James with St Luke, St Thomas More and Holy Cross. (see notes 3 & 4)
3. Catholic Children with a Certificate of Catholic Practice who are resident in other parishes in Harlow. (see note 3)
4. Other Catholic children. (see note 3)
5. All other looked after and previously looked after children. (see note 2)
6. Catechumens and members of an Eastern Christian Church (see note 5 & 6)
7. Children of other Christian denominations who have been baptised (evidenced by a certificate of baptism) or whose membership is evidenced by a minister of religion. (See note 7)
8. Children of other faiths whose membership is evidenced by a religious leader. (see note 8)
9. Children whose parents wish them to share in the religious experience of the school.

**NB**

- (i) Children with a sibling at the school at the time of application and admission shall take precedence in the category in which they fall. (see note 9)**
- (ii) Those living nearer to the school judged by distance calculated using the local authority system will be given precedence within their category. The LA system is explained further in the 'Primary Education in Essex' booklet.**

## **Pupils with an Education, Health and care Plan or Statements of Special Educational Needs**

The admission of pupils with a statement of Educational Needs or an Education, Health and Care Plan is dealt with by a completely separate procedure. Children with a statement of Educational Needs or an Education, Health and Care Plan that names the school must be admitted. Where this takes place before the allocation of places under these arrangements this will reduce the number of places available to other children.

## **Application Procedures and Timetable**

To apply for a place at this school in the normal admission round, you must complete a Common Application Form available from the local authority in which you live. You are requested to complete the Supplementary Information Form (SIF) attached to this policy if you wish to apply under oversubscription criteria 2 to 4 and 6 to 9.

You will be advised of the outcome of your application on 16<sup>th</sup> April or the next working day, by the local authority on our behalf. If you are unsuccessful (unless your child gained a place at a school you ranked higher) you will be informed of the reasons, related to the oversubscription criteria listed above, and you have the right of appeal to an independent appeal panel.

**If you do not provide the information required in the SIF and return it by the closing date, together with all supporting documentation, your child will not be placed in criteria 2 to 4 or 6 to 9 and this is likely to affect your child's chance of being offered a place.**

**All applications which are submitted on time will be considered at the same time and after the closing date for admissions which is 15<sup>th</sup> January 2020.**

## **Admission of Children below Compulsory School Age**

A child is entitled to a full-time place in the September following their fourth birthday. A child's parents may defer the date at which their child, below compulsory school age, is admitted to the school, until later in the school year but not beyond the point at which they reach compulsory school age, or beyond the beginning of the final term of the school year for which an offer was made. In exceptional circumstances, a child may take up a part-time place until later in the school year but not beyond the point at which the child reaches compulsory school age. Upon receipt of the offer of a place a parent should notify the school, as soon as possible, that they wish to either defer their child's entry to the school or take up a part-time place.

## **SUMMER BORN CHILDREN DEFERRED ENTRY (outside their chronological year)**

If a parent wishes his/her summer born child to start school in Reception in the September following his/her 5th birthday (i.e. a child born between 1st April – 31st August being admitted to Reception at 5 years of age), they should make the school aware of this by writing a letter to the Chair of Governors at the time of application. Parents must then submit an application in the normal way for that year of entry. This application will be treated in the same way as all other applications and there is no guarantee that an offer will be made.

## **Admission of Children outside their Normal Age Group**

A request may be made for a child to be admitted outside of their normal age group, for example, if the child is gifted and talented or has experienced problems such as ill health. In addition, the parents of a summer born child, i.e. a child born between 1<sup>st</sup> April and 31<sup>st</sup> August, may request that the child be admitted out of their normal age group, to reception rather than year 1.

Any such request should be made in writing to the Chair of Governors, St Alban's Catholic Academy, First Avenue, Harlow, Essex, CM20 2NP at the same time as the admission application is made. The governing body will make its decision about the request based on the circumstances of each case and in the best interest of the child. In addition to taking into account the views of the head teacher, including the head teacher's statutory responsibility for the internal organisation, management and control of the school, the governing body will take into account the views of the parents and of appropriate medical and education professionals, as appropriate.



## Continued Interest Lists

In addition to their right of appeal, unsuccessful children will be offered the opportunity to be placed on a Continued Interest list. The waiting list will be maintained in order of the oversubscription criteria set out above and not in the order in which applications are received or added to the list. Continued Interest lists for admissions will operate throughout the school year.

**Inclusion in the school's Continued Interest list does not mean that a place will eventually become available or that you will be automatically offered a place if it does.**

## In-Year Applications

An application can be made for a place for a child at any time outside the admission round and the child will be admitted where there are available places. Application should be made to the school by contacting Mrs N Pennells, St Luke's Catholic Academy, Pyenest Road, Harlow, Essex, CM19 4LU.

Where there are places available but more applications than places, the published oversubscription criteria, as set out above, will be applied. If there are no places available, the child will be added to the Continued Interest list (see above).

You will be advised of the outcome of your application in writing, and you have the right of appeal to an independent appeal panel.

## Nursery

For children attending the school's nursery, application to the Reception class of the school must be made in the normal way, to the home local authority. Attendance at the school's nursery does not automatically guarantee that a place will be offered to the school.

**The governing body reserves the right to withdraw the offer of a place or, where the child is already attending the school the place itself, where it is satisfied that the offer or the place was obtained by deception.**

## Notes

1. A Statement of Special Educational Needs is a statement made by the local authority under section 324 of the Education Act 1996, specifying the special educational provision for a child. An Education, Health and Care Plan is a plan made by the local authority under section 37 of the Children and Families Act 2014, specifying the special educational provision required for a child.
2. A 'looked after child' has the same meaning as in section 22 (1) of the Children Act 1989, and means any child who is (a) in the care of a local authority or (b) being provided with accommodation by them in the exercise of their social services functions (e.g. children with foster parents) at the time of making application to the school.

A 'previously looked after child' is a child who was looked after but ceased to be so because he or she was adopted or became subject to a child arrangement order or special guardianship order.

3. 'Catholic' means a member of a Church in full communion with the See of Rome. This includes the Eastern Catholic Churches. This will normally be evidenced by a certificate of baptism in a Catholic Church or a certificate of reception into the full communion of the Catholic Church. For the purposes of this policy, it includes a looked after child who is part of a Catholic family where a letter from a priest demonstrates that the child would have been baptised or received if it were not for their status as a looked after child (e.g. a looked after child in the process of adoption by a Catholic family)

For a child to be treated as Catholic, evidence of Catholic baptism or reception into the Church will be required. Those who have difficulty obtaining written evidence of baptism should contact their Parish Priest.

4. 'Certificate of Catholic Practice' means a certificate issued by the family's parish priest (or priest in charge of the church where the family attends Mass) in the form laid down by the Bishops' Conference of England and Wales. It will be issued if the priest is satisfied that at least one Catholic parent or carer (along with the child, if he or she is over seven years old) have (except when it was impossible to do so) attended Mass on Sundays and holy days of obligation for at least five years (or, in the case of a child, since the age of seven, if shorter). It will also be issued when the practice has been continuous since being received into the Church if that occurred less than five years ago. It is expected that most Certificates will be issued on the basis of attendance. A Certificate may also be issued by the priest when attendance is interrupted by exceptional circumstances which excuse from the obligation to attend on that occasion or occasions. Further details of these circumstances can be found in the guidance issued to priests.
5. 'catechumen' means a member of the catechumenate of a Catholic Church. This will normally be evidenced by a certificate of reception into the order of catechumens.
6. 'Eastern Christian Church' includes Orthodox Churches and is normally evidenced by a certificate of baptism or reception from the authorities of that Church.
7. 'children of other Christian denominations' means children who belong to other churches and ecclesial communities which, acknowledge God's revelation in Christ, confess the Lord Jesus Christ as God and Saviour according to the Scripture, and, in obedience to God's will and in the power of the Holy Spirit commit themselves: to seek a deepening of their communion with Christ and with one another in the Church, which is his body; and to fulfil their mission to proclaim the Gospel by common witness and service in the world to the glory of the one God, Father, Son and Holy Spirit. An ecclesial community which on principle has no creedal statements in its tradition, is included if it manifests faith in Christ as witnessed to in the Scriptures and is committed to working in the spirit of the above.

All members of Churches Together in England and Churches Together in Wales are deemed to be included in the above definition, as are all other churches and ecclesial communities that are in membership of any local Churches Together Group (by whatever title) on the above basis.

8. 'Children of other faiths' means children who are members of a religious community that does not fall within the definition of 'other Christian denominations' at 7 above and which falls within the definition of a religion for the purposes of charity law. The Charities Act 2011 defines religion to include:
  - A religion which involves belief in more than one God, and
  - A religion which does not involve belief in a God.

Case law has identified certain characteristics which describe the meaning of religion for the purposes of charity law, which are characterised by a belief in a supreme being and an expression of belief in that supreme being through worship.

9. Siblings includes:
  - (i) All-natural brothers and sisters, half brothers and sisters, adopted brothers and sisters, stepbrothers or sisters, foster brothers or sisters, whether they are living at the same address, and
  - (ii) The child of a parent's partner where that child lives for at least part of the week in the same family unit at the same address as the applicant.

A sibling must be on the roll of the named school at the time the younger child starts or have been offered and accepted a place.



10. A 'parent' means all-natural parents, any person who is not a parent but has parental responsibility for a child and any person who has care of a child.

